God's Double Letter Digraphs And Double Letter R-Controlled Vowels That Make a Trigraph

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I give ALL of the glory to my Father God, the Lord Jesus Christ, and the Holy Spirit for the collection of books which He has written and for the illustrations and lessons He has created - ALL of which would not have been possible without Him. He instructed me to put the copyright in my name and I have obeyed. God's Loving World Ministries" is a Christian Literacy organization whose mission is to teach remedial reading, writing, math, and English to English as a Second Language Learners FOR FREE.

Psalm 115:1

"1 Not to us, LORD, not to us but to your name be the glory, because of your love and faithfulness." (NIV) The word "digraph" has 2 parts: "di" meaning 2 and "graph" meaning written. A "digraph" means there are 2 written letters that make 1 spoken sound.

The word "Trigraph" has 3 parts: "tri" meaning 3 and "graph" meaning written. A "trigraph" means there are 3 written letters that make 1 spoken sound.

Letters that may <u>LOOK</u> like a digraph are <u>NOT</u> always a digraph.

The letters "Im" can be a digraph in words like palm, calm, and psalm. In those words you do not hear the letter ["I" even though it's seen you only hear the letter M "m." When you hear only 1 sound when 2 letters are written - it is a digraph.

The letters "Im" can <u>also</u> be a Consonant Blend in words like he<u>lm</u>, rea<u>lm</u>, and fi<u>lm</u>. You can hear <u>both</u> the L "I" and the M "m" in <u>those</u> words, yet they blend together. 2 letters are written and 2 letters are heard.

The more familiar you make yourself with digraphs and trigraphs and in what words they do occur, the more you will remember them. This video only includes examples of some words that contain double letter digraphs and Double Letter R-Controlled Vowel Trigraphs.

The more you read them, the more fluent you will become as a reader - meaning you will read accurately, smoother, and faster.

Some digraphs occur in the:

Beginning, Medial/Middle, or Ending

of a word.

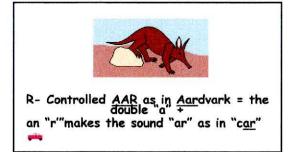
Sometimes a digraph is found in only one or two of the three possibilities within a word. Double letter digraphs have 2 letters side by side that <u>sometimes</u> make one sound that is the same. Like the word "keep." The only sound you hear in that word is the long "e" sound.

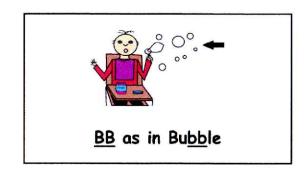
Other times, double letters make a whole NEW sound.
For example: the word "book" is a
double letter word, but it doesn't make the
short OR long "o" sound. It makes an entirely
different sound all its own - "boo" as in "

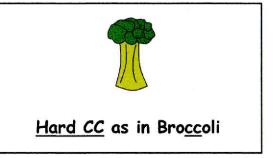
Listen to it - - took took

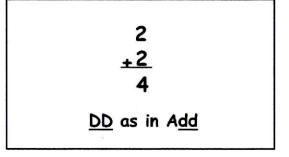


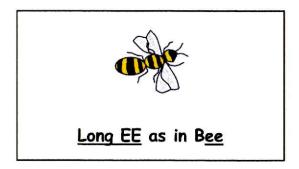
<u>AA</u> as in B<u>aa</u> = "a" as in "ah"



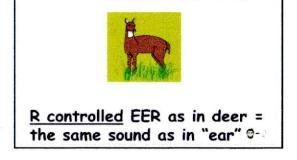


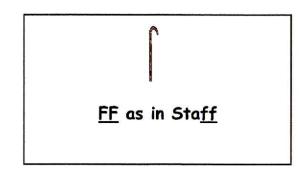


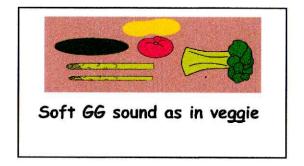


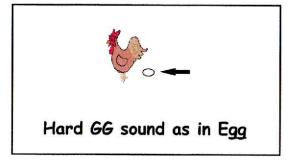


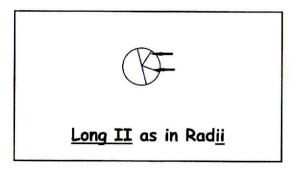


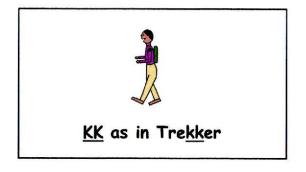


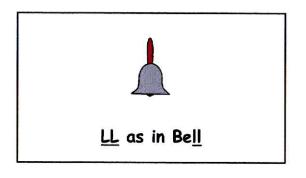


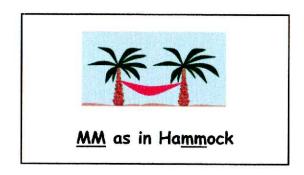


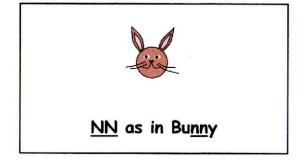


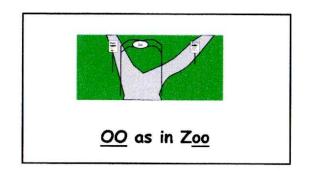


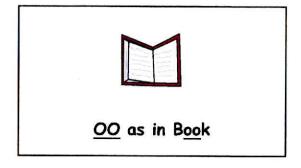


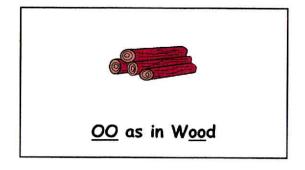


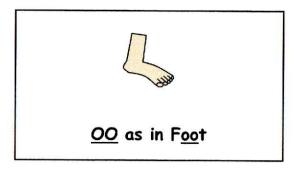


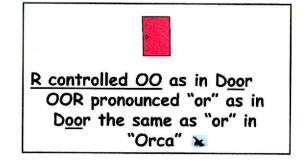


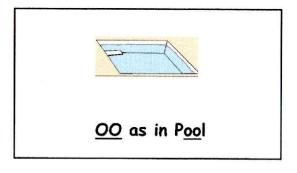


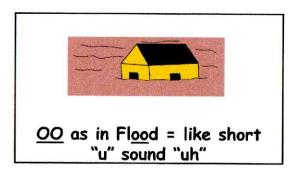


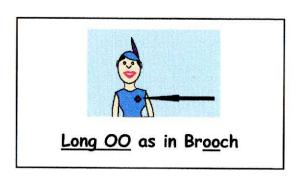


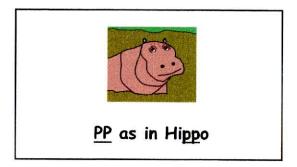


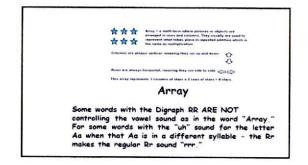












Syllables are the way words can be broken down into smaller parts according to the way they are spoken. To find out how many syllables are in a word, put your hand under your chin and say the word slowly. The number of times your chin hits your hand tells you how many syllables are in the word. Let's try it with the word "array."
"a-rray" "a-rray" How many times did my chin hit my hand? It hit my hand 2 times,

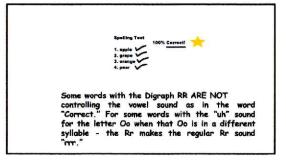
which means it has 2 syllables.

Now, you're probably asking "What's a syllable?"

Here are some words with the Digraph RR that ARE NOT controlling the vowel sound as in the word "Array." For Some words with the "uh" sound for the letter Aa when that Aa is in a different syllable – the Rr makes the regular Rr sound "rrr."

Actual Word The word using syllabication

array a-rray
arrest a-rrest
arrive a-rrive
arrival a-rrival
arrange a-rraigned



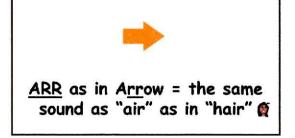
Here are some words with the Digraph RR that ARE NOT controlling the vowel sound as in the word "Correct." For some words with the "uh" sound for the letter Oo when that Oo is in a different syllable - the Rr makes the regular Rr sound "rrr." Actual Word The word using Pronunciation syllabication correct co-rrect cuh-rect corrupt co-rrupt cuh-rupt cuh-rode corrode co-rrode

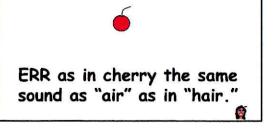
cuh-ral

co-rral

corrol

Now, let's look at TRIGRAPHS that DO contain RR where the R-controls the vowel to make a different sound.







IRR as in irritate = the same sound as in "ear" Θ -

